

The Bamberg Herald

One Dollar and a Half a Year.

BAMBERG, S. C. THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916.

Established 1891.

COUNTRY NEWS LETTERS

SOME INTERESTING HAPPENINGS IN VARIOUS SECTIONS.

News Items Gathered All Around the Country and Elsewhere.

Ehrhardt Etchings.

Ehrhardt, March 14.—The Ehrhardt minstrel aggregation gave their first show last Thursday evening in Copeland's hall in the presence of a large audience, who thoroughly enjoyed the programme. This company is composed of home boys only, as follows: Messrs. Windel Ramsey, Dick Roberts, Haskel Hiers, S. C. Paysinger, Raleigh Kinard, Chas. Henerey and Harry Copeland; assisted by Miss Lalla Salley, pianist. All the boys appeared as negroes and their dancing, singing and jokes would have amused anyone in "Dixie Land." Supper was served in the hall immediately after the entertainment. Quite a sum of money was realized, which will be paid on the new piano at the Ehrhardt school auditorium.

Mrs. Prentiss Griffin, of Bamberg, nee Miss Mamie Ehrhardt, of Ehrhardt, came down last Thursday on a few days' visit to her old home.

Rev. E. A. McDowell, pastor of the Baptist church at Fairfax, was in town last Thursday giving hearty handshakes to his old friends.

Mr. Frank Lemacks, of Ashpool, the lucky shad fisherman, visited his mother, Mrs. F. G. Lemacks, last week. Frank states that the weather has been too cold for fishing.

Mrs. Willie Bishop is having a nice dwelling house built in town, on the lower end of Madison street.

Mr. Kincaid, the popular photographer, who has been in town for the past week, left today for Varnville.

Mrs. Wayne Copeland and Miss Julia Copeland spent last Thursday at Mrs. S. W. Copeland's.

The Farmers & Merchants Bank is having a cement floor put in their banking house. The old one was of wood and was breaking through in several places.

Mr. J. D. Dannelly has begun hauling away the debris from his store, which was destroyed by fire some time ago, preparing to rebuild.

The base ball team seems to be a little slow about organizing. Why not get into shape so the "boys" can know their places on the diamond and get busy with that so much needed practice?

Mrs. Nard Carter, of Ruffin, and Mrs. Geo. McKenzie, of Ehrhardt, R. F. D. No. 1, are visiting their mother, Mrs. Lemacks.

The farmers have at last decided to use some commercial fertilizer this year. A large amount has been hauled from here during the past ten days and is still on the move.

JEF.

Cope Cullings.

Cope, March 13.—Mr. Stacey Kearse, of Ehrhardt, together with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Kearse, of Olar, were over yesterday on a visit to Dr. and Mrs. T. M. Stuckey.

Mr. Charles S. Henerey, of Ehrhardt, also came along with Mr. Kearse in his auto and spent a few hours at home, with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Henerey.

Mrs. H. H. Crosswell, of Bishopville, is here for a short stay with her brother, Dr. T. M. Stuckey.

Ott's Outings.

Ott's, March 14.—Our little burg is still bustling; farmers are ready to plant corn—some are planting, others are waiting for warmer weather.

Dr. O. D. Faust and Prof. Klein were visitors here last Sunday as the guests of Mr. C. C. Rowell.

Mrs. W. M. McCue has been sick, but has fully recovered.

Mr. L. D. Odom has been sick for the past few days, but is rapidly recuperating.

Miss Sylvester Odom, better known as "Aunt Sil," has been confined to her bed for several days with la grippe, but is up at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Spurlin, of Denmark, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Odom Sunday.

A number from here attended the unveiling of the late Dr. Henry Faust's monument at Denmark cemetery Sunday afternoon. There was a large crowd and the service was very impressive.

Mr. Henry Q. Jennings is in Bamberg this week.

Ott's can boast of two saw mills now. The mill known as the Fox Brothers' mill, from near Edisto, has been moved to the place of Mr. C. E. Sandifer. They have purchased all of Mr. Sandifer's timber.

CHILD FATALLY BURNED.

Mother Also Injured in Attempt to Save Little Boy.

Sumter, March 11.—Swinson Ray, 18 months' old, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Taylor, was burned to death this morning, when his clothing caught fire, while he and his twin brother were playing. Mrs. Taylor was in an adjoining room and ran to the rescue of the little fellow upon hearing his screams. She was badly burned about the hands in trying to extinguish the flames. The funeral services will be held at the residence tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Branchville Dramatic Club.

Branchville, March 11.—Mrs. J. N. Byrd entertained the Branchville Dramatic club on Thursday evening at a three course supper. The guests were met at the door by Mrs. J. N. Byrd and ushered into the parlor by Mrs. J. S. Wimberly. Mrs. J. M. Byrd received in the dining room, which was decorated in ferns and acanthus. After supper the guests were invited back to the parlor, where Mrs. J. N. Byrd, Miss Marion Byrd and Peter Watson entertained the crowd with their singing, accompanied on the piano by Miss Myrtle McHonaker, and recitations were given by Miss Mamie Paysinger, which were much enjoyed. Selections were also given by Miss Ruth Byrd and Miss Blanche Edwins. After the music rook was played.

Connor-Withington.

Branchville, March 11.—A very pretty wedding was performed at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Connor, Branchville, when their daughter, Miss Jennie Stokes Connor, became the bride of Capt. Harry Ogier Withington, a prominent young business man of Charleston.

Mrs. Withington is a young woman of many graces with attractive personality and has endeared herself to a large circle of friends throughout the State.

The colonial home was decorated for the occasion with Southern smilax and cut flowers. At 4 o'clock the bride, leaning on the arm of her sister, Miss Cora Connor, entered the parlor, where they were met at the altar of smilax by the bridegroom and his best man, W. R. Hillen, of Charleston.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. H. Graves, brother-in-law of the bride, the ring ceremony being used. The bride was dressed in a dark blue traveling suit with hat and gloves to match, and carried a shower bouquet of bride roses. The maid of honor, Miss Cora Connor, sister of the bride, was dressed in a green charmeuse and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Following the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Withington left for Washington and New York and will, upon their return, reside in Charleston.

Among the out-of-town guests in attendance were Misses Julia, Lottie and Jennie Withington, of Charleston; Mrs. P. W. Sanders and little daughter, Margaret, Charleston; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Withington and son, Birmingham, Ala.; Miss M. C. Thatcher, W. R. Hillen, Percy Ortman and Jas. S. Simmons, all of Charleston.

Gave Him Donkey Orders.

An Irish drill sergeant was instructing some recruits in the mysteries of marching movements and found great difficulty in getting a countryman of his to halt when the command was given, says the Kansas City Star. After explaining and illustrating several times he approached the recruit, sized him up silently for a couple of minutes, then demanded his name.

"Fitzgerald, sir," was the reply.

"Did you ever drive a donkey, Fitz?"

"Yes, sir."

"What did you say when you wanted him to stop?"

"Whoa!"

The sergeant turned away and immediately put his squad in motion. After they had advanced a couple yards or so he bawled out at the top of his lungs: "Squad halt! Whoa, Fitzgerald!"

A Paraphrase.

"There's so much good in the worst of us
And so much bad in the best of us"
That it best becomes the rest of us
To praise the best in the worst of us
And ill becomes the worst of us
To mock at the faults in the best of us;
Then let the best and the worst of us,
Extol the good in both of us,
And hide the fault in the lot of us.

IN THE PALMETTO STATE

SOME OCCURRENCES OF VARIOUS KINDS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

State News Boiled Down for Quick Reading.—Paragraphs About Men and Happenings.

Hon. W. Bourke Cochran, of New York, is to be the principal speaker at exercises to be held in Charleston on March 17, in celebration of St. Patrick's day.

Mayor John F. Floyd, of Spartanburg, fined himself \$2.50 in police court last week because he had neglected to properly light the lamps on his automobile.

Governor Manning has wired the Anderson city council that he sees no necessity for a special session of the legislature account of the fire insurance situation.

Enos Rogers, of Marion, was convicted last week of manslaughter in connection with the killing of his nephew. He was sentenced to serve seven years in the penitentiary.

Edward Weimus, overseer on an Orangeburg county plantation, shot and killed Billie Sherman, colored, last week, following a dispute. The negro pulled his pistol and began shooting at the overseer when the latter fired twice, killing him instantly.

C. H. Christopoulos, a Greek, of Charleston, who was convicted some time ago of falsely representing his citizenship and illegally voting in a primary election, has begun serving his sentence of sixty days in the Charleston county jail. He was also fined \$300.

Application has been filed in the superior court of Georgia for a charter for the Atlanta and Anderson Construction Co., capitalized at \$100,000, with the privilege of increasing this sum to \$1,000,000. It is said to be the intention of the incorporators to build a railroad from Anderson to Atlanta which will be affiliated with the Duke interurban from Anderson north.

John E. West, Baxter West, Arthur West, Sheppard and Luther West were found guilty Friday in the Chesterfield court of general sessions of riot. Each of the defendants were sentenced to pay a fine of \$150 or serve one year in prison. The trial occupied five days. The Wests were convicted of being involved in a riot at Pageland on March 12, 1915. During the melee two men were killed.

FATALLY SHOOT HIMSELF.

Le Grand C. Griswold Dies at Aiken From Wound Accidentally Inflicted.

Aiken, March 10.—Mr. Le Grand C. Griswold, of New York city, accidentally shot himself with a double-barrelled shotgun, while returning from a dove hunt on the farm of Mr. Richardson, six miles from Aiken. The injured man was rushed to the city and taken to the home of Dr. E. S. Cross, where surgical treatment was resorted to. Upon arrival at the office of the physician, the condition of Mr. Griswold was seen to be hopeless, as the wound was in the abdomen. The charge of the shotgun entered from the side, tearing a hole in the body and penetrating the abdominal cavity. Mr. Griswold regained consciousness just before reaching the city, but immediately lapsed into a state of coma, from which he never revived, sinking rapidly until the end came at 6 o'clock. The dove drive had been organized by Mr. Oakleigh Thorne for the entertainment of friends, among whom was Mr. Griswold. The party had just finished a successful hunt and were on the way to the waiting automobiles, laughing and exchanging congratulations, and Mr. Griswold seemed to be one of the most animated men of the party. He had just started to unbuckle his gun when the contents of one of the shells were discharged, the load taking effect as described. This accident has cast a gloom over the Aiken winter colony. Mr. Griswold leaves a wife and two children.

Only Her Husband.

Mrs. Atkins, dissatisfied with the number of times one man came to see her cook, spoke to her about it. "When I engaged you, Martha," she said, "you told me you had no man friends. Now whenever I come into the kitchen I find the same man here." "Bress yo, ma'am," smiled Martha, "dat niggah ain't no frien' ob mine." "No friend? Then who is he?" "He's ma husband."

IN BEHALF OF NEWSPAPERS.

Bill to Repeal Law Requiring Circulation Statements.

Washington, March 11.—Senator Bankhead, of Alabama, chairman of the postoffice committee, today introduced and had referred to his committee a bill to repeal the law requiring editors, publishers and owners of newspapers, magazines and periodicals to file with the postmaster general every six months sworn statements of names of editors, owners, stockholders, securities and, in the case of newspapers, sworn statements of average circulation.

Senator Bankhead said he was acting on his own initiative in behalf of the small country newspapers.

HENRY G. DAVIS DEAD.

Was Former U. S. Senator and Once Presidential Candidate.

Washington, March 11.—Former United States Senator Henry Gassaway Davis, of West Virginia, presidential candidate on the Parker Democratic ticket in 1904, died here at 1:45 a. m. today, after a brief illness. He was 95 years old.

Mr. Davis was stricken with grippe about a fortnight ago, while on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, and on account of his advanced age, was unable to withstand the attack.

Funeral arrangements were being completed today. Interment will be at Elkins, W. Va., home of the former Senator.

Is It Legal.

Francis F. Carroll, a lawyer of Bamberg, has raised the point that the circuit created at the recent session of the legislature is illegal because it will deprive certain persons of their constitutional rights. Section 2 of article 6 of the constitution of the State provides that either party to a suit in the circuit court shall have the right to a change of venue whenever it can be shown to the court that a fair and impartial trial cannot be had in the county where the trial or action has been commenced or offence has been committed. The same section further provides that where a change of venue is ordered the trial must be had in a county in the same judicial district. "Now," asks Mr. Carroll, "how can a change of venue be ordered and the trial held in another county within the same judicial district if Charleston county is alone in the judicial district? The act would deprive a party of substantial constitutional rights!"

The News and Courier comments on Mr. Carroll's card as follows:

"Mr. Francis F. Carroll, whose communication will be found in another column on this page today, is the second disinterested lawyer to express the opinion that the recent act of the legislature providing for a new judicial circuit is unconstitutional. Mr. E. F. Warren, of Hampton, took the view that the general assembly was without authority under the constitution to transfer a solicitor from one circuit to another, as the act under discussion did. The law-makers ignored his suggestion. It now remains to be seen if the courts will be able to ignore the point raised by Mr. Carroll. If he is right, his objection is certainly one of the utmost gravity. The right under certain conditions to obtain a change of venue is fundamental, and Mr. Carroll maintains that no Charleston litigant or defendant would be able to obtain such a change of venue under the terms of the act making Charleston a circuit to itself. If Mr. Carroll knows what he is talking about, will the courts in any of the counties affected by this legislation have authority to try cases at all during the present year?"

It seems that the points raised in connection with this new circuit should be passed on immediately. We are inclined to think that of the two points raised the one brought forward by Mr. Carroll is the more serious.—Spartanburg Journal.

Palatable Combination.

One day Luther Burbank was walking in his garden, when he was accosted by an officious acquaintance who said:

"Well, what are you working on now?"

"Trying to cross an eggplant and milkweed," said Mr. Burbank.

"And what under heaven do you expect to get from that?"

Mr. Burbank calmly resumed his walk.

"Custard pie," he said.

PRINTERS ARE CATCHING IT

PRICE OF PAPER GOING UP BY LEAPS AND BOUNDS.

War is the Chief Cause.—All Manufacturers of Paper and Other Material Have Raised Prices.

Job printers and stationers are very much disturbed over the uncertain condition of the market in everything used in the manufacture of printed work, and of the standard lines carried by stationery stores. Paper prices have advanced sharply, and as a rule rates on printing inks are given only on request, all standing quotations being withdrawn. A prominent ink maker writes that one ingredient entering into the manufacture of black inks has advanced 300 per cent.

Unprecedented Advances.

January and February witnessed continuous and unprecedented advances in the prices of raw material, and the failure of sulphite importers and rag packers to make adequate deliveries on existing contracts forced writing paper mills making the higher grades, to obtain a large portion of raw material on the open market at current prices, necessitating the most marked advances that the writing paper business has experienced in years.

Manufacturers of high explosives find that they can buy rags, process them and utilize them as a base for gun cotton at a cost of two cents to three cents less per pound than the present price of raw cotton, and thus offer a new outlet for packers of the better grades.

The further fact that Great Britain, on February 1, placed an embargo on the export of all paper makers' materials, and that Sweden placed one on the export of all pulp, has not helped in holding down prices. Those grades in which new rag cuttings are largely employed have had to take the sharpest and heaviest of the advances made.

To aggravate further the situation, the demand for bond and writing papers has been increasing by leaps and bounds, so that manufacturers are sadly behind their orders, and many, on account of their inability to secure deliveries of raw materials, are unable to obtain full production from their mills.

The demand for these grades for export has reached a point where prices offered for immediate deliveries are alluring to some of the manufacturers and adds another bull factor to the general situation.

Practically all manufacturers have advanced prices 20 to 30 per cent, the market showing examples where even heavier advances have been made on medium priced grades heretofore sold at prices slightly under the market for similar qualities.

Some Increases Cited.

One of the largest paper mills in the country recently wrote as follows:

"Realizing that it may be difficult for you to explain to your customers the advances in prices of paper, we are giving you below the old as well as new prices on various materials which we use in making coated and uncoated papers:

"Casein was 6 1/2 cents, now 17 to 23 cents; alum was 1 cent, now 3 cents; soda ash was 65 cents hundred, now 2 1/2 cents pound; rosin was \$3.75 barrel, now \$6.50 barrel; bleached sulphite was \$2.65 hundred, now 3 1/4 to 4 1/4 cents pound; satin white dry weight was 5 cents, now 9 cents; aniline color was 40 cents per pound, now \$20 pound; fourdrinier wire was 29 cents square foot, now 39 cents; woolen and cotton felts have advanced 10 per cent to 40 per cent; thirds and blues were \$1.35 per hundred, now 2 1/2 cents pound; bleach was 1 1/4 cents pound, now 7 cents (unobtainable). If you will make use of this information we believe you will find it easier to explain to your customers the advance in the cost of papers."

The color situation grows more difficult—some dyes and colors formerly employed are no longer obtainable at any price. Manufacturers are compelled to use substitutes, less reliable in the matter of uniformity in strength and density and variations in shade are common and must be expected. White paper also must be expected to show some variation in shade, as practically all whites are artificial and the delicate corrective colors formerly employed are not now available.—The State

Full line of Waterman Ideal Fountain Pens, the new self-filling kind, from \$2.50 to \$6.50. The Herald Book Store.

BORN A SLAVE, DIES RICH.

Levi Kirkland Leaves Estate Worth Probably \$65,000.

Camden, March 11.—Levi Kirkland, one of the best known negroes in this county, and probably the wealthiest negro in this section of the State, died at his home near Westville on March 1. He was quite aged, having been born a slave.

Kirkland, by thrift and wise business judgment, had accumulated quite a fortune. He paid taxes on four tracts of land, amounting in all to 3,005 acres, and owned sixty-three lots and buildings in the town of Westville, besides personal property and cash money amounting to around five thousand dollars. At the time of his death he had forty bales of cotton stored on his farm, and it is estimated that his estate is worth around \$60,000 to \$70,000. He was a good farmer and was well liked by both races.

HOW GEN. CARR SUCCEEDED

Says Newspaper Advertising Was Basis of His Success

The story of how newspaper advertising and a trademark built up a fortune of \$4,000,000 from an investment of \$12,000 in twenty-five years was related by General J. S. Carr, of Durham, N. C., when he arrived in New York from Honolulu recently.

Carr was the first manufacturer of Bull Durham tobacco. He told how he had spent \$100,000 in law suits to protect his trademark, but he added advertising had done the most to make the success of the brand. Mr. Carr said:

"When I signed my first advertising contract for \$250,000 I didn't sleep for a week. I thought I was ruined. But the results justified the expenditure, and soon I was spending \$500,000 a year for advertising."

The biggest part of it went to the newspapers, for I had learned that the newspaper ad is the best in the world. There is no line of business that it does not help.

"I was in the banking business, and I built up as much trade as my two nearest competitors combined by newspaper advertising. My four boys are the biggest hosiery manufacturers in the country, and they have relied on newspaper advertising to make their success. The first thing, of course, is to have the goods, but after that you must make your goods known."

General Carr is one of the few remaining generals who surrendered at Appomattox. He is now lieutenant general of the veterans of the Confederacy. He is retired from business now, having sold out his tobacco industry in 1898.

BURNS PROVE FATAL.

Frank W. Bean Dies at Home in Georgia.

Clinton, March 14.—On Sunday night, March 5, Dr. W. S. Bean, of this city, was summoned by a telephone message to leave for Washington, Ga., where his son, Frank W. Bean, had been severely, perhaps fatally, burned. Dr. Bean left at 2:30 a. m. Monday, but reached Washington about noon, only to find that his son had died about 6 o'clock that morning.

The accident occurred Sunday morning while Frank Bean was dressing, his night clothing catching fire. In his excitement he ran down stairs seeking help, which only made the flames worse. The physicians reached him very soon and relieved the intense pain, and he seemed to regain his normal cheerfulness. But there was no pulse perceptible at his wrist, and the injury to so much of the skin caused a nervous shock from which he never rallied. He was 40 years of age last December and unmarried. He was a graduate of the University of Georgia and had been admitted to the bar, but never practiced. His disposition was very generous and unselfish, and he was a consistent Christian and church member.

During his last hours he was always considerate and expressed to those attending him the hope that he was not troubling them. He fell asleep without a struggle in the early light of the day.

The funeral was held from his grandfather's old home, where he was born, and the casket was covered with flowers. So sudden a death came as a great shock to his relatives and friends, but his pure life and his peaceful departure softened their sorrow for his death.

Senator Hoch Schmidt should cotton more to Uncle Sam and less to Kaiser Bill.